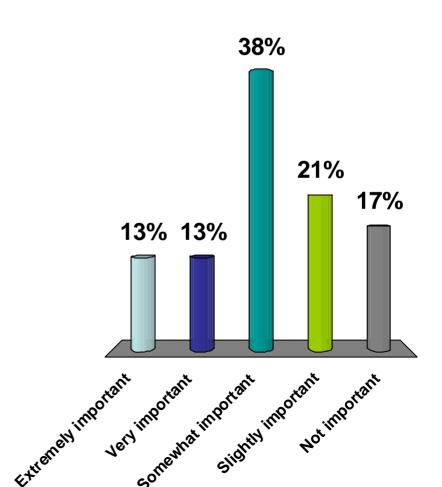
Ranked Fundamental Objectives

NAWMP Workshop
Ottawa Ontario
16-17 February 2010

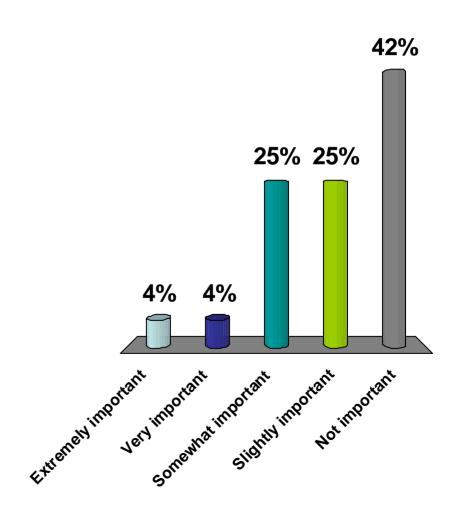
1. Promote a conservation ethic in the general public

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



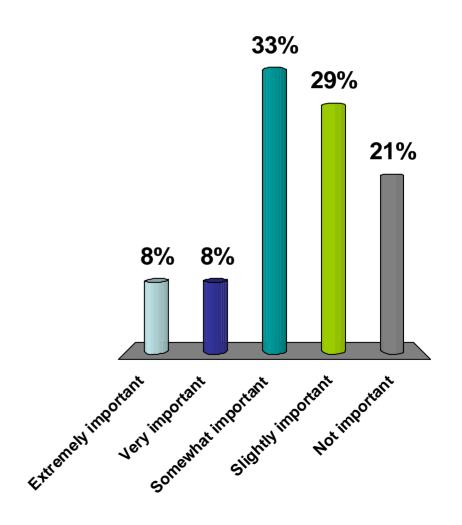
2. Maximize waterfowl harvest

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



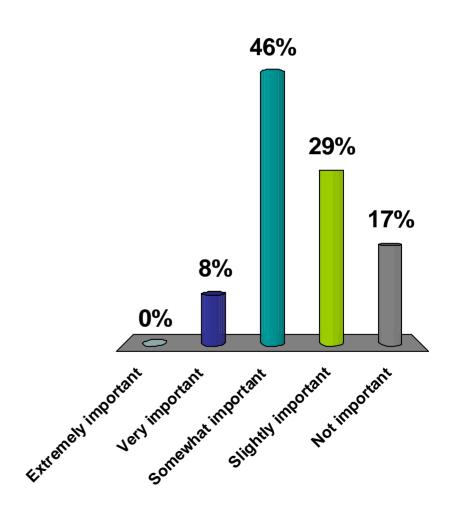
3. Maximize hunter satisfaction

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



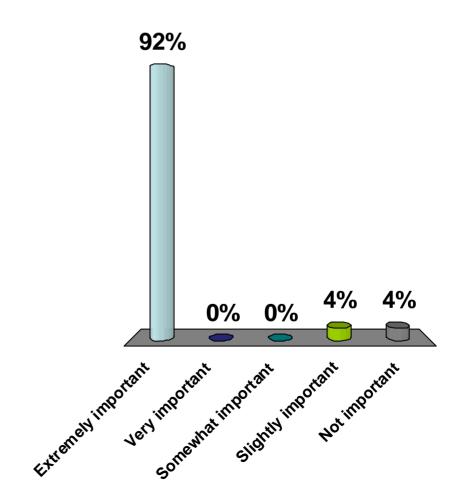
4. Promote non-consumptive uses of waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



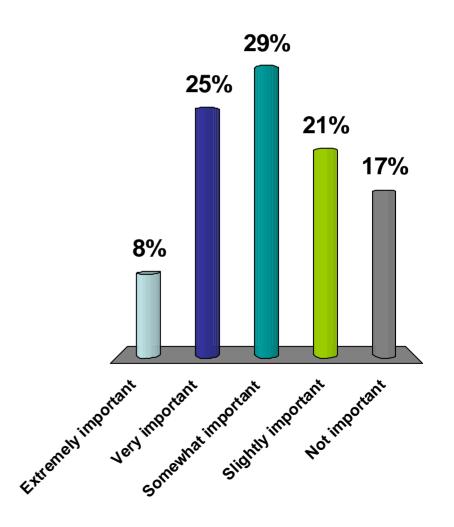
5. Maintain landscapes capable of sustaining waterfowl populations in perpetuity

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



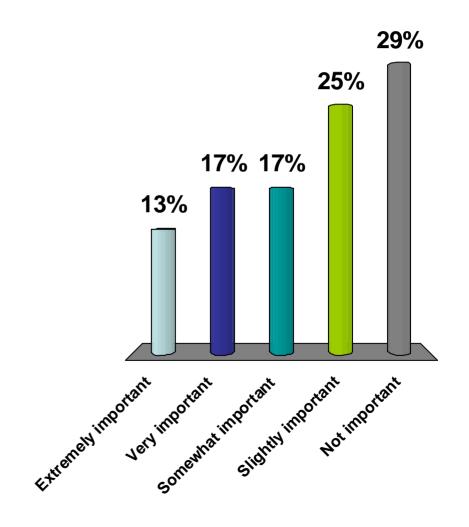
6. Increase the understanding of ecological mechanisms driving changes in waterfowl abundance and waterfowl landscapes

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



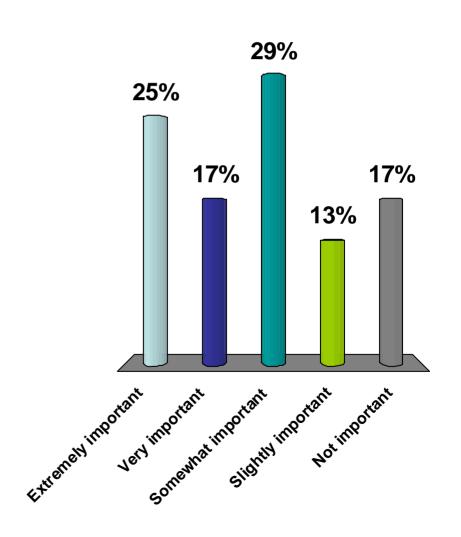
7. Expand the sources and amount of funding for waterfowl conservation activities

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important

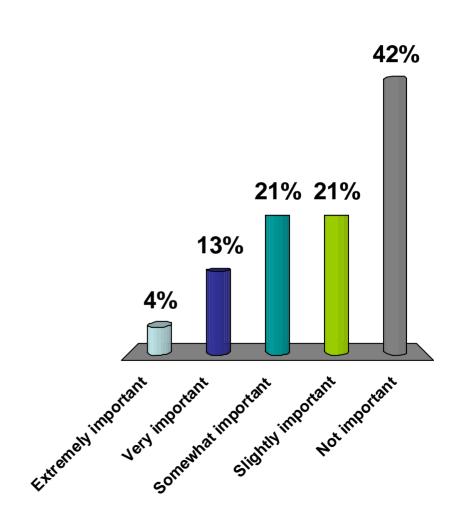


8. Perpetuate the tradition of waterfowling

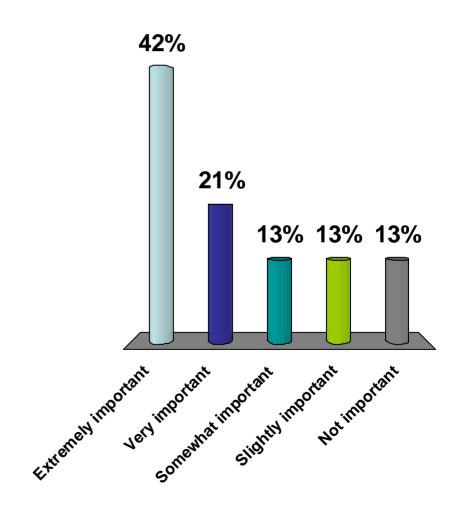
- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



- Minimize harvest of under-abundant waterfowl species
- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important

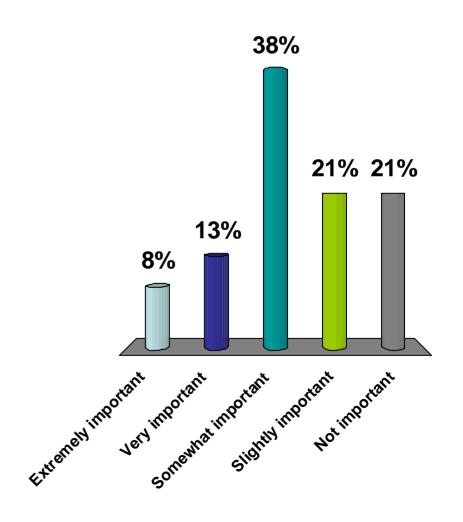


- 10. Minimize loss and degradation of wetlands and associated uplands
- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



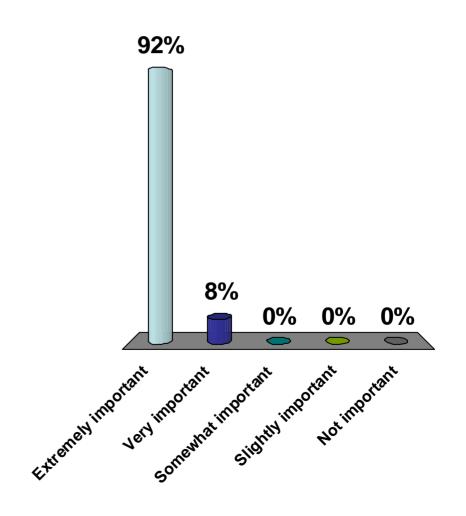
12. Minimize the detrimental effects of over-abundant populations (e.g. depredation, habitat destruction)

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



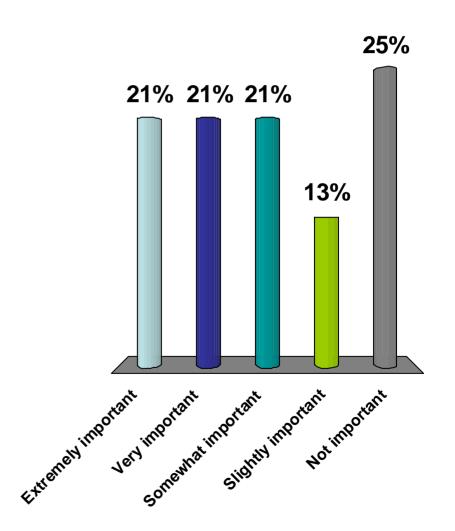
14. Maintain healthy waterfowl populations as part of the North American fauna

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



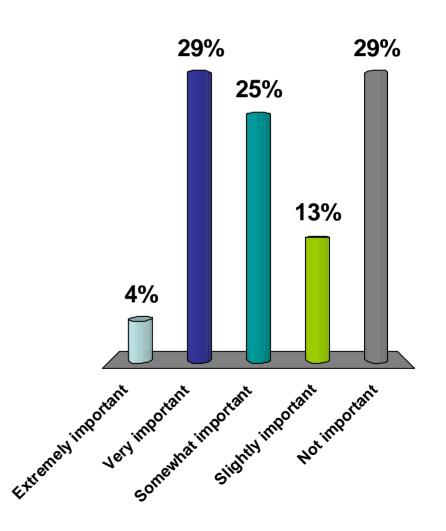
15. Maximize ecological goods and services derived from wetlands and associated uplands managed for waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



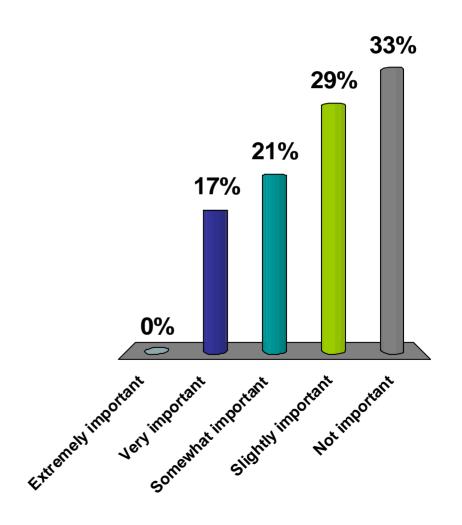
16. Increase public support for waterfowl conservation

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important

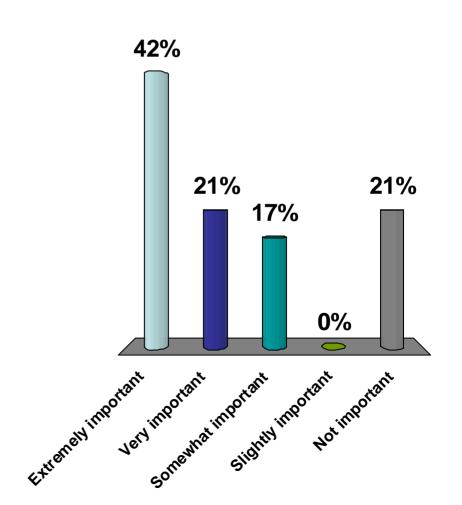


17. Increase waterfowl hunter participation

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important

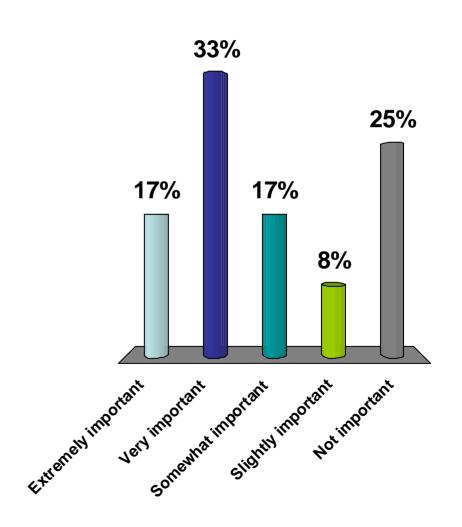


- 18. Ensure that no species of waterfowl falls below population levels necessary for long-term viability
- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



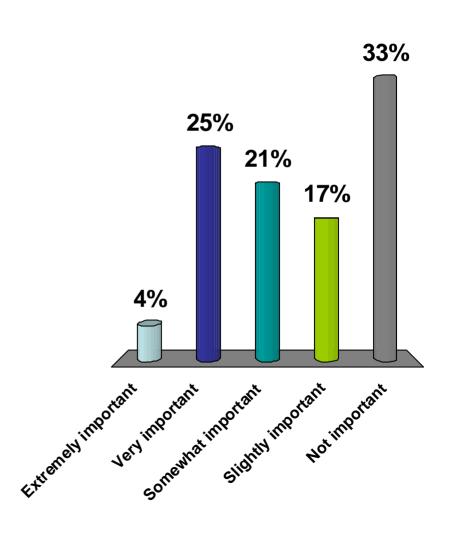
19. Increase and improve duck breeding habitat

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



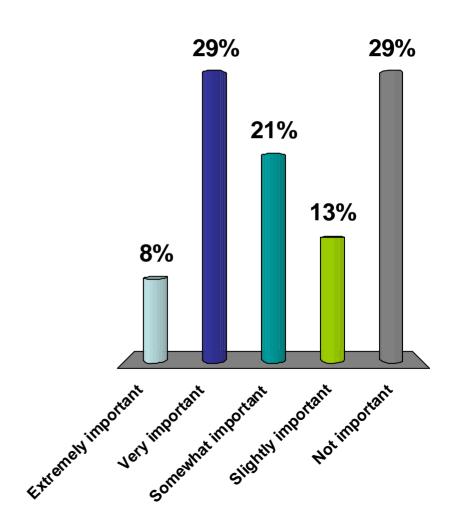
20. Ensure cooperation among jurisdictions (state, flyway, partners, etc.)

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



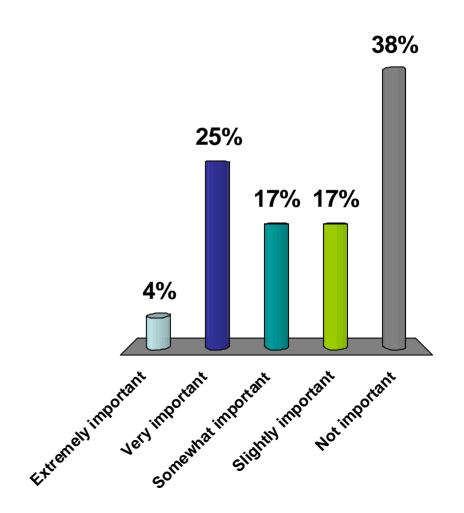
21. Increase and improve duck wintering habitat

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



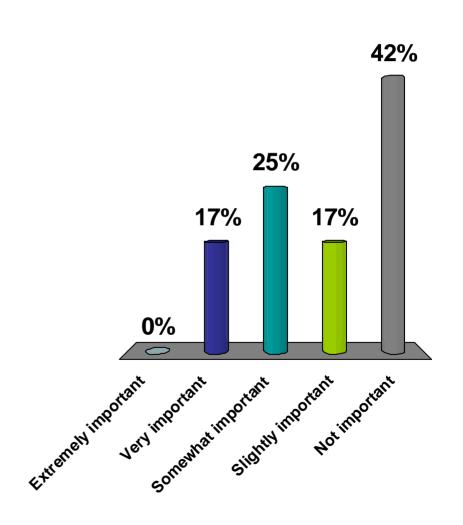
22. Maximize the efficiency and effectiveness of the infrastructure and funding for waterfowl conservation

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



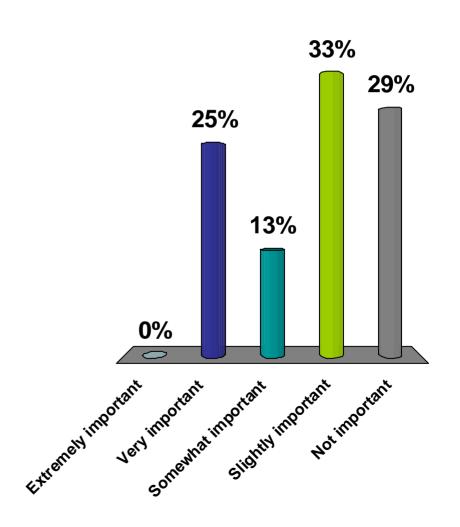
23. Provide maximum hunting opportunity.

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



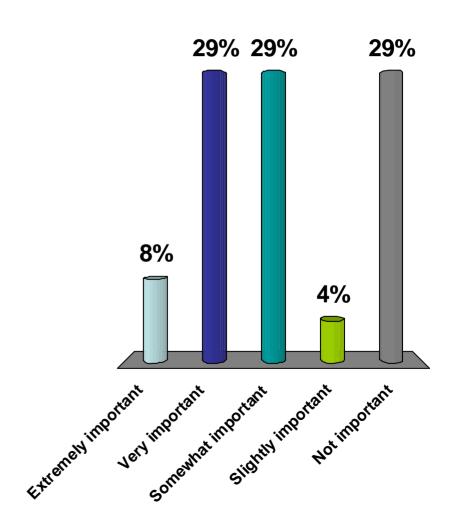
24. Maintain the social license to hunt

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



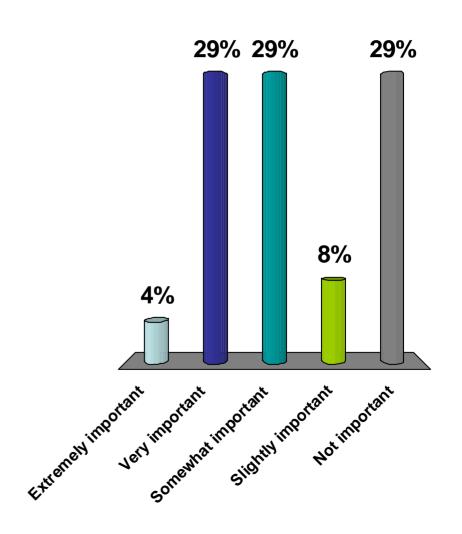
25. Increase duck recruitment

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



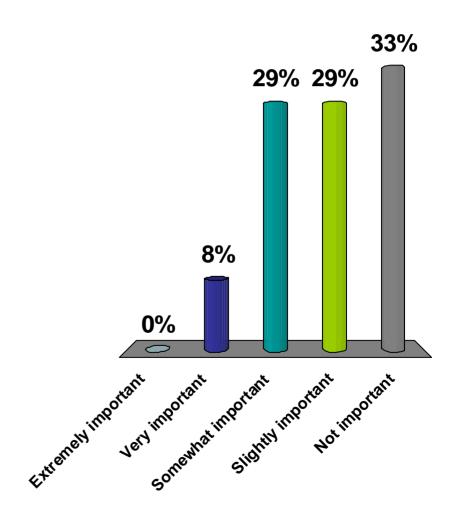
26. Increase and improve duck migration habitat

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



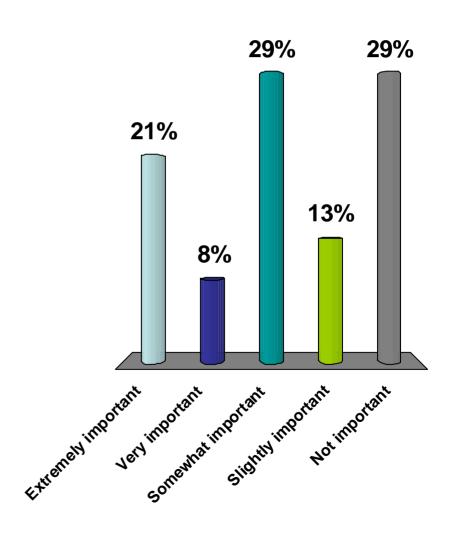
27. Reduce mortality from disease and contaminants

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



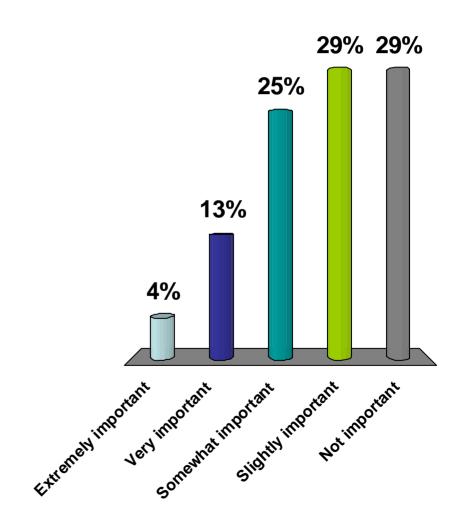
28. Maintain a broad fall and winter distribution of waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



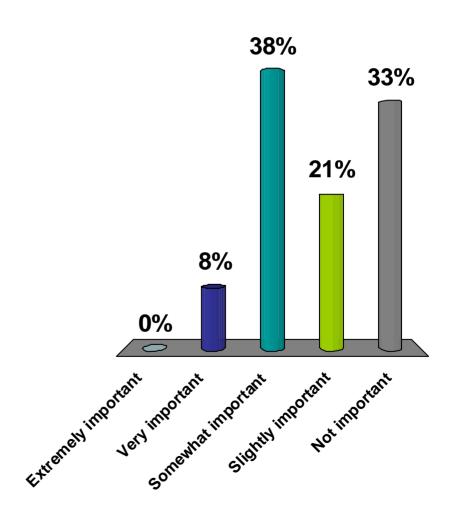
29. Establish the infrastructure needed to ensure coherence in waterfowl management

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



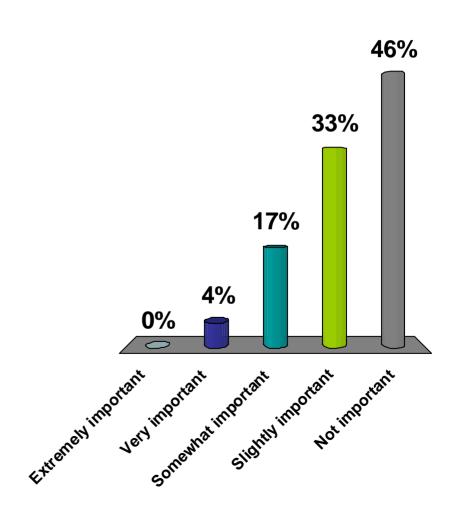
30. Formalize the institutions needed to incorporate human dimensions into waterfowl management decisions

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



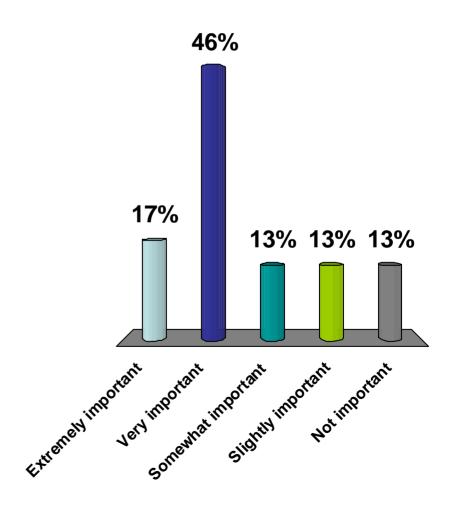
32. Deal with issues of public concern about wildfowl diseases that could be transmitted to humans and livestock (human health)

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



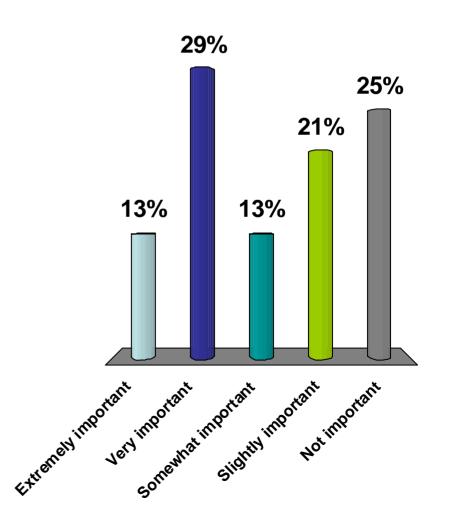
33. Maximize the benefits to biodiversity derived from wetlands and associated uplands managed for waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



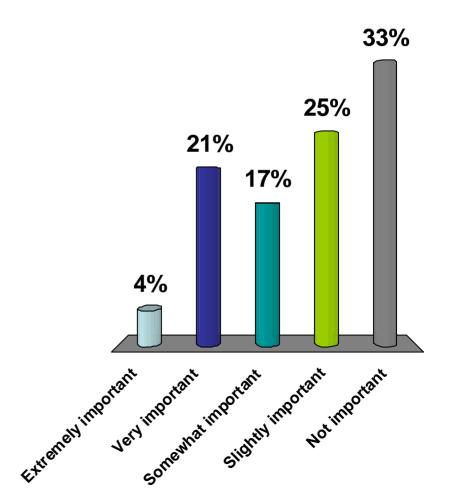
34. Develop and implement monitoring and evaluation programs to measure progress against NAWMP objectives (continental, local)

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



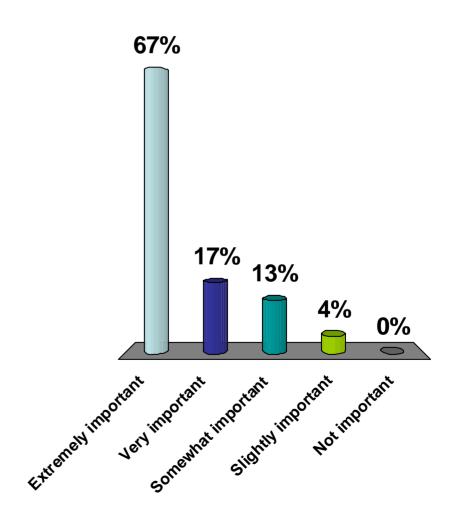
35. Ensure monitoring programs are sufficient to detect large scale changes in distributions of populations that may arise through effects of climate change.

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



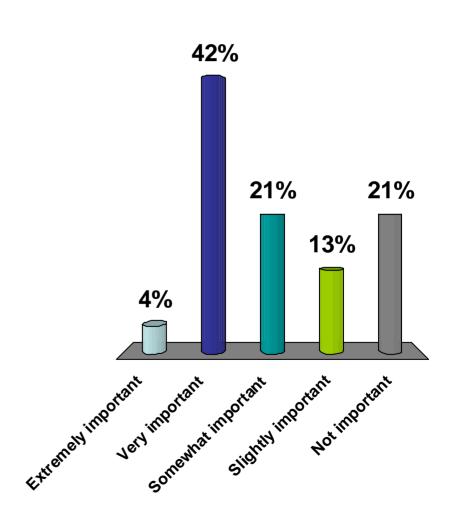
36. To provide waterfowl populations adequate to meet the requirements of waterfowlers, aboriginal peoples and other users.

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



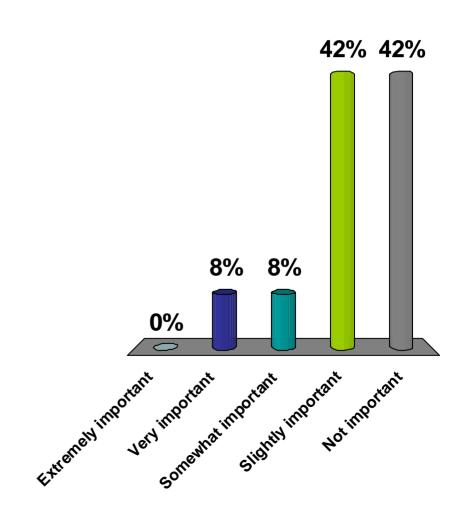
37. Working with landowners and fostering stewardship of habitats essential to waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



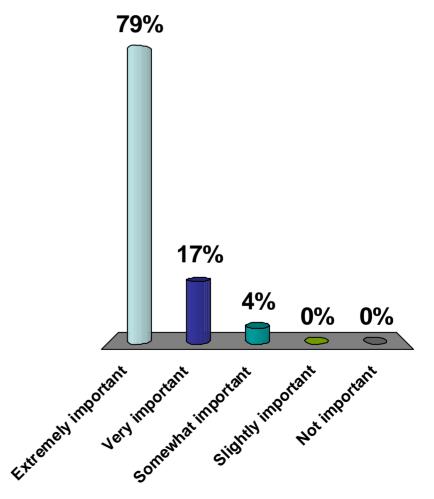
38. Provide more hunting opportunities on public land

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



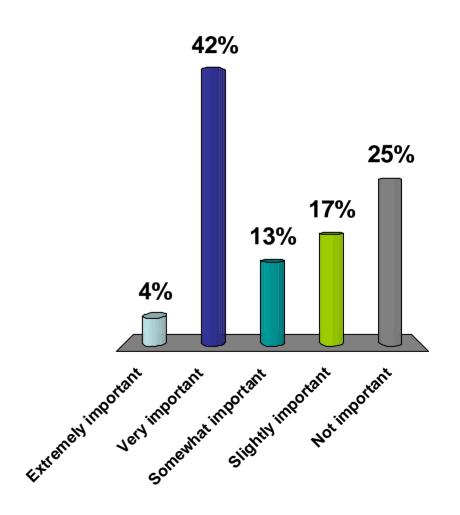
39. Maintain healthy waterfowl populations, species richness, abundance, and distribution as part of NA fauna

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



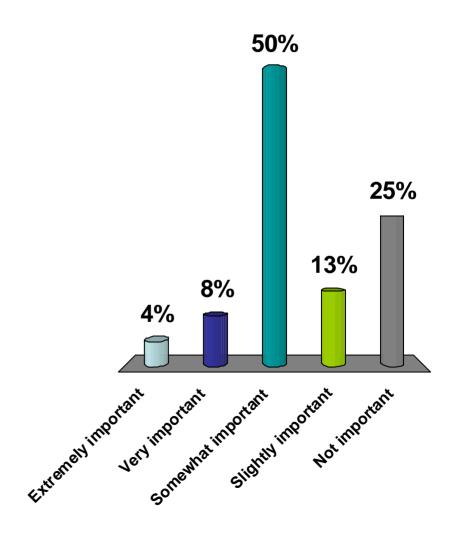
40. Increase political and social support for waterfowl conservation

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



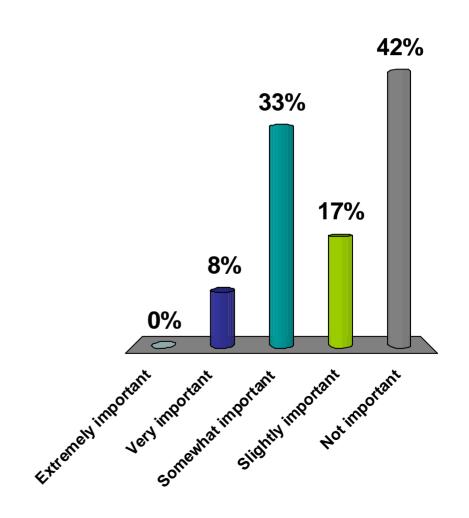
41. Optimize/maximize harvest of over abundant species

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



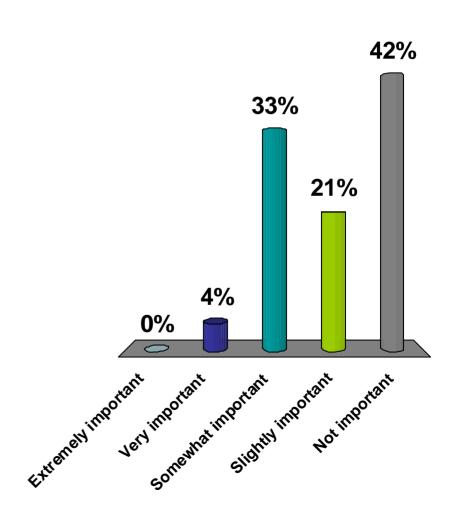
42. Incorporate a client focus culture for the waterfowl management services provided by government

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



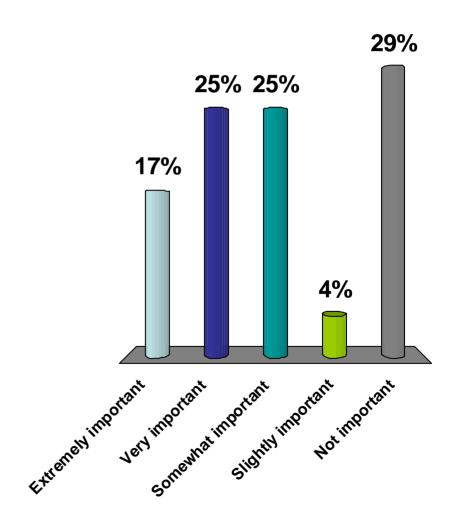
43. Define a role for innovation at all aspects of adaptive management and conservation cycle

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



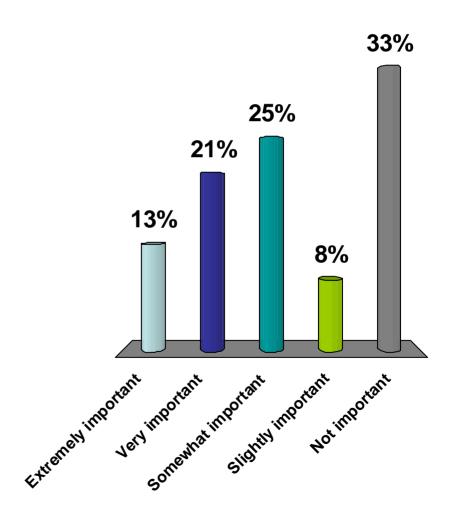
44. Maintain a broad breeding distribution of waterfowl

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



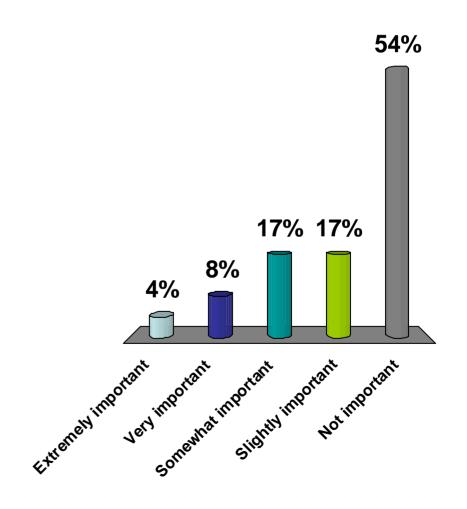
45. A waterfowling community actively engaged in conservation

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



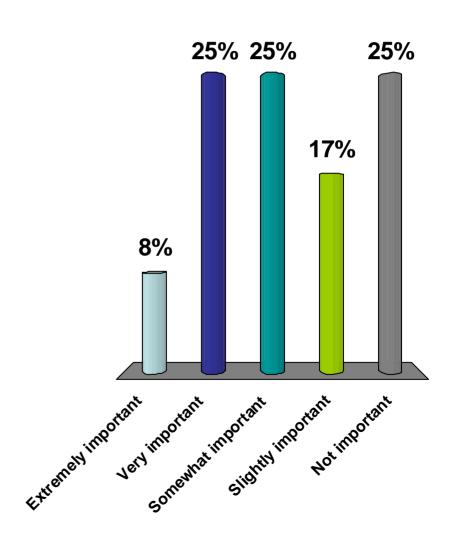
46. Regulations that promote retention and recruitment of waterfowl hunters

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



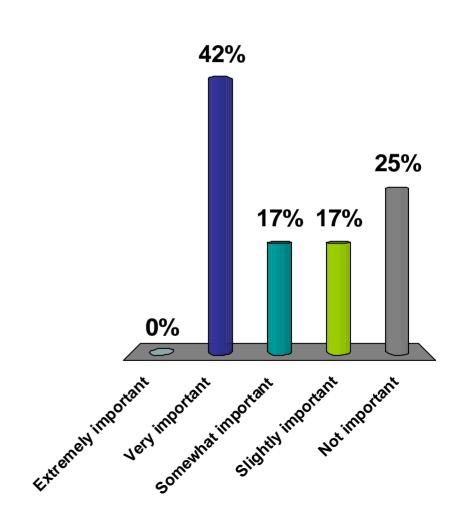
47. Sound science underpins habitat and population objectives and human dimensions

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



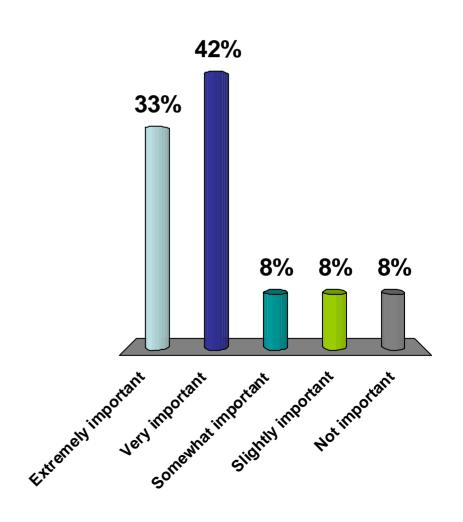
48. Use science to inform conservation policy and priorities

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



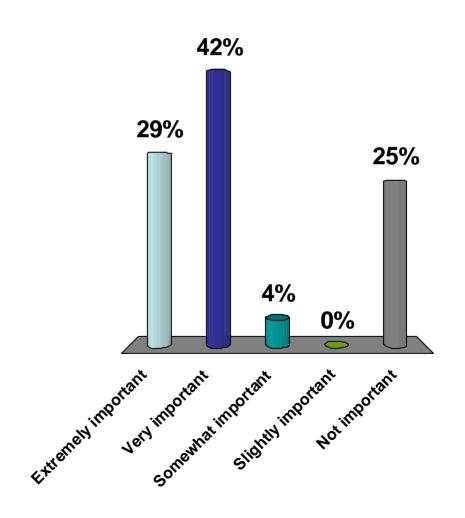
49. Maintain populations to support a sustainable harvest

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



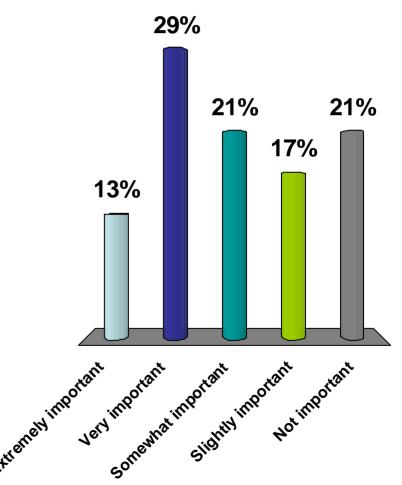
50. Reverse historic losses of wetland and associated upland habitats

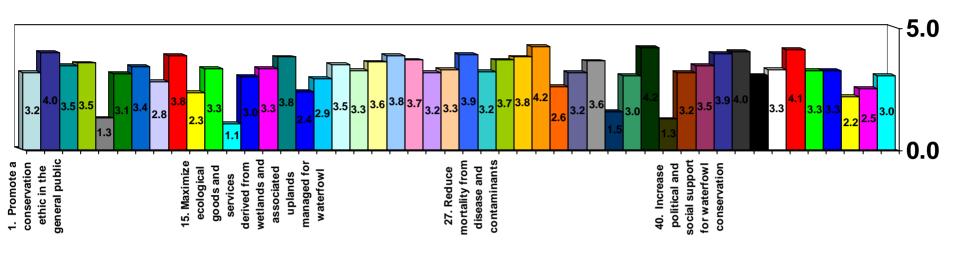
- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important



51. Maximize production of ecological goods and services by putting/maintaining wetlands on the landscape

- Extremely important
- 2. Very important
- 3. Somewhat important
- 4. Slightly important
- 5. Not important





- 1. Promote a conservation ethic in the general public
- 2. Maximize waterfowl harvest
- 3. Maximize hunter satisfaction
- 4. Promote non-consumptive uses of waterfowl
- 5. Maintain landscapes capable of sustaining waterfowl populations in perpetuity
- 6. Increase the understanding of ecological mechanisms driving changes in waterfowl abundance and waterfowl landscapes
- 7. Expand the sources and amount of funding for waterfowl conservation activities
- 8. Perpetuate the tradition of waterfowling