Waterfowl Professional Credentials

The information below was selected from results of a survey of waterfowl professionals attending the 6th, 7th, and 8th North American Duck Symposia and responding to a survey administered by Ph.D. candidate, Lauren Senn, of Clemson University. Response rate to survey was 52% of 690 delivered surveys. Information reported here are highlights from the Senn dissertation (in preparation).

Table 1. Academic courses, technical skills, personality traits, and other factors ranked <u>important or extremely</u> <u>important</u> for acquiring employment in the waterfowl profession. Courses, skills, traits, and other factors are not listed in any direct or implied order of importance.

Academic courses	Technical/practical skills	Personality traits	Other factors
Biology	Science aptitude	Team player	Previous employment
Ecology	Computer competence	Collaboration	M.S./Ph.D.
Wildlife	Waterfowl identification	Dedication	
Statistics/modeling	Wildlife identification	Ambition	
Writing	Scientific writing	Determination	
	Oral communication	Integrity	
		Diplomacy	
		Patience	
		Leadership	
		Humility	
		Adaptability	

Other characteristics were written in and scored as <u>important or extremely important</u> by one or more individual respondents:

- Academic courses human dimensions, specialized laboratory sciences (e.g., DNA, isotopes, eDNA), soils, personnel management
- Technical/practical skills leadership, critical thinking, law enforcement
- Other factors conflict management, partnering/negotiating, work ethic

Other survey highlights to consider for planning of university/college waterfowl programs:

- 85% of respondents indicated that the financial contribution of their assistantships or fellowships were either important or extremely important to their pursuit of a graduate degree.
- 74% of respondents indicated that the assistantship or fellowship positions they received were either important or extremely important to their professional development.